

<b>STN</b>	<b>Mikrobiológia potravinového reťazca Horizontálna metóda na dôkaz a stanovenie počtu baktérií rodu <i>Clostridium</i> Časť 2: Stanovenie počtu <i>Clostridium</i> <i>perfringens</i> technikou počítania kolónií (ISO 15213-2: 2023)</b>	<b>STN EN ISO 15213-2</b>  56 0155
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Microbiology of the food chain - Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Clostridium* spp. - Part 2: Enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens* by colony-count technique (ISO 15213-2:2023)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 02/24

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Microbiology of the food chain - Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Clostridium* spp. - Part 2: Enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens* by colony-count technique (ISO 15213-2:2023)

Microbiologie de la chaîne alimentaire - Méthode horizontale pour la recherche et le dénombrement de *Clostridium* spp. - Partie 2: Dénombrement de *Clostridium perfringens* par la technique de comptage des colonies (ISO 15213-2:2023)

Mikrobiologie der Nahrungskette - Horizontales Verfahren zum Nachweis und zur Aufzählung von *Clostridium* spp. - Teil 2: Zählung von *Clostridium perfringens* durch Koloniezählverfahren (ISO 15213-2:2023)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 September 2023.

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**EN ISO 15213-2:2023 (E)**

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## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 15213-2:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34 "Food products" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 463 "Microbiology of the food chain" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 7937:2004.

This document has been prepared under a Standardization Request given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

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## **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 15213-2:2023 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 15213-2:2023 without any modification.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 15213-2

First edition  
2023-11

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## **Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Clostridium* spp. —**

Part 2:

### **Enumeration of *Clostridium* *perfringens* by colony-count technique**

*Microbiologie de la chaîne alimentaire — Méthode horizontale pour  
la recherche et le dénombrement de Clostridium spp. —*

*Partie 2: Dénombrement de Clostridium perfringens par la technique  
de comptage des colonies*



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ISO 15213-2:2023(E)

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## ISO 15213-2:2023(E)

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Food products*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Microbiology*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 463, *Microbiology of the food chain*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition of ISO 15213-2 cancels and replaces ISO 7937:2004, which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the Scope has been expanded to samples from the primary production stage;
- the heat treatment of 10 min at 80 °C has been made optional, in the case of high background flora or for the enumeration of only spores of *Clostridium (C.) perfringens* present in the sample;
- the selective medium has been re-named from sulfite-cycloserine agar (SC) to tryptose sulfite cycloserine agar (TSC agar) without changes in the formulation;
- the confirmation methods described have been modified according to ISO 14189;
- the flow diagram in normative [Annex A](#) giving a short description of the procedure has been revised;
- in [Annex B](#), criteria for the performance testing of culture media have been added;
- in [Annex C](#) (informative), the performance characteristics have been added;
- in [Annex D](#) (informative), two molecular methods have been added for differentiation between pathogenic and non-pathogenic *C. perfringens* and one molecular method for the differentiation of *C. perfringens* type A strains carrying a chromosomally encoded *cpe* gene or a plasmid encoded *cpe* gene.



A list of all parts in the ISO 15213 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## ISO 15213-2:2023(E)

### Introduction

*Clostridium (C.) perfringens* is a Gram-positive, anaerobic, spore-forming bacterium. As a ubiquitous bacterium, *C. perfringens* is predominantly found in soil, but also in the intestinal tract of humans and animals. Therefore, the presence of *C. perfringens* in high numbers can be an indication of inadequate preparation or handling of food.

High numbers of *C. perfringens* in ready-to-eat-food can cause human illness, mainly diarrhoea. The strains are classified into toxin types, depending on the ability to produce different so called “major” and “minor” toxins. Food poisonings are caused by *C. perfringens* isolates with the ability to produce *C. perfringens* enterotoxin (CPE).

A characteristic feature is the heat resistance of the spores; they have the ability to germinate and multiply in ready-to-eat food after the cooking process. Ingestion of contaminated food is followed by gastrointestinal disease, when enzyme-resistant *C. perfringens* enterotoxins are set free during sporulation in the small intestine. The strains are classified into different types.

This document describes the horizontal method for the enumeration of *C. perfringens* in food, feed, environmental samples and samples from the primary production stage. The method for the enumeration of sulfite-reducing *Clostridium* spp. is described in ISO 15213-1. The method for the detection of *C. perfringens* is described in ISO/TS 15213-3. These three parts are published as a series of International Standards because the methods are closely linked to each other. These methods are often conducted in association with each other in a laboratory and the media and their performance characteristics can be similar.

The main technical changes listed in the Foreword, introduced in this document compared with ISO 7937:2004, are considered as major (see ISO 17468).

These changes have a major impact on the performance characteristics of the method.

# Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Clostridium* spp. —

## Part 2:

## Enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens* by colony-count technique

**WARNING** — In order to safeguard the health of laboratory personnel, it is essential that tests for enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens* are only undertaken in properly equipped laboratories, under the control of a skilled microbiologist, and that great care is taken in the disposal of all incubated materials. Persons using this document should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This document does not purport to address all of the safety aspects, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices.

### 1 Scope

This document specifies the enumeration of *Clostridium (C.) perfringens* by colony-count technique.

This document is applicable to:

- products intended for human consumption;
- products for feeding animals;
- environmental samples in the area of food and feed production and handling;
- samples from the primary production stage.

**NOTE** This method has been validated in an interlaboratory study for the following food categories:

- ready-to-eat, ready-to-reheat meat products;
- eggs and egg products (derivates);
- processed fruits and vegetables;
- infant formula and infant cereals;
- multi-component foods or meal components.

It has also been validated for the following other categories:

- pet food and animal feed;
- environmental samples (food or feed production).

As this method has been validated for at least five food categories, this method is applicable for a broad range of food. For detailed information on the validation, see [Clause 11](#) and [Annex C](#). Since the method is not commonly used for samples in the primary production stage, this category was not included in the interlaboratory study. Therefore, no performance characteristics were obtained for this category.

This horizontal method was originally developed for the examination of all samples belonging to the food chain. Based on the information available at the time of publication of this document, this method is considered to be fully suited to the examination of all samples belonging to the food chain. However, because of the large variety of products in the food chain, it is possible that this horizontal method is not

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appropriate in every detail for all products. Nevertheless, it is expected that the required modifications are minimized so that they do not result in a significant deviation from this horizontal method.

This technique is suitable for, but not limited to, the enumeration of microorganisms in test samples with a minimum of 10 colonies counted on a plate. This corresponds to a level of contamination that is expected to be higher than 10 cfu/ml for liquid samples or higher than 100 cfu/g for solid samples.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6887 (all parts), *Microbiology of the food chain — Preparation of test samples, initial suspension and decimal dilutions for microbiological examination*

ISO 7218, *Microbiology of the food chain — General requirements and guidance for microbiological examinations*

ISO 11133, *Microbiology of food, animal feed and water — Preparation, production, storage and performance testing of culture media*

ISO 19036:2019, *Microbiology of the food chain — Estimation of measurement uncertainty for quantitative determinations*

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