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Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy - Flare details for general refinery and petrochemical service (ISO 25457:2023)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 02/24

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Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší  
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EUROPEAN STANDARD

**EN ISO 25457**

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

October 2023

ICS 75.180.20

Supersedes EN ISO 25457:2008

English Version

## Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy - Flare details for general refinery and petrochemical service (ISO 25457:2023)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz, y compris les énergies  
à faible teneur en carbone - Détails sur les torches  
d'usage général dans les raffineries et dans les usines  
pétrochimiques (ISO 25457:2023)

Erdöl-, petrochemische und Erdgasindustrie - Fackeln  
für den allgemeinen Betrieb in Raffinerien und  
petrochemischen Service (ISO 25457:2023)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 October 2023.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

**EN ISO 25457:2023 (E)**

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## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 25457:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 25457:2008.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

## **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 25457:2023 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 25457:2023 without any modification.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 25457

Second edition  
2023-10

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## **Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy — Flare details for general refinery and petrochemical service**

*Industries du pétrole et du gaz, y compris les énergies à faible  
teneur en carbone — Détails sur les torches d'usage général dans les  
raffineries et dans les usines pétrochimiques*



Reference number  
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## ISO 25457:2023(E)

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Process equipment, piping, systems, and related safety*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 12, *Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 25457:2008), which has been technically revised.

This document supplements API Std 537, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2017) including Addendum 1.

The technical requirements of this document and API Std 537 used to be identical. In the meantime API Std 537 has been technically revised as API 537, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2017) with Addendum 1. The purpose of this edition of ISO 25457 is to bring it up to date, by referencing the current edition of API Std 537 and including its supplementary content.

The main changes are as follows:

- supplementary requirements edition for pellet flare ignition systems;
- update of the volumetric flow formula.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).



# Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy — Flare details for general refinery and petrochemical service

## 1 Scope

This document specifies requirements and provides guidance for the selection, design, specification, operation, and maintenance of flares and related combustion and mechanical components used in pressure-relieving and vapor-depressurizing systems for petroleum, petrochemical, and natural gas industries.

While this document is primarily intended for onshore facilities, guidance related to offshore applications is included. Guidance and best practices for the selection, specification, and mechanical details for flares and on the design, operation, and maintenance of flare combustion and related equipment is also provided.

This document is a supplement to API 537, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2017) including Addendum 1, the requirements of which are applicable with the exceptions specified in this document.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

API Std 537, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2017), *Flare Details for Petroleum, Petrochemical, and Natural Gas Industries*

API Std 537, Addendum 1, *Addendum to Flare Details for Petroleum, Petrochemical, and Natural Gas Industries, Third Edition (2020)*

**koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN**

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### 4.2 Limitations for design procedures

The requirements specified in API 537, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2017), Clause 4 shall apply with the following addition.

Direct flare ignition by ballistic/pyrotechnical ignition systems:

There are numerous ballistic/pyrotechnical ignition systems designs available from which to select the most appropriate for the application.

Direct flare ignition systems, i.e. ballistic/pyrotechnical ignition systems, shall include the following components:

- a manual or automatic launching system able to deliver the projectile to the flare top platform;
- a guide tube/pipe to ensure that the projectile is transported from launch location to delivery point on the flare top platform;
- a method for delivering by compressed dry nitrogen or air the projectile to the tip (some self-propelled projectiles can be considered as an alternative);
- a capture device to collect spent projectiles safely.

Several constraints shall be applied to these ignition systems:

- a) The guide tube shall be purged in conformity with manufacturer's recommendation to avoid blockage within the tube from water or sand or dust and maintain a dry atmosphere. In addition, this purge shall be sufficient to prevent flammable gas from returning down the guide tube/pipe. This information should be provided at the bidding stage.
- b) Projectiles shall be safe for handling, storage and loading, and for removal in their spent state. This information should be provided at the bidding stage.
- c) The supplier shall have a system to contain spent projectiles in a safe location. Information on this system should be provided at the bidding stage.
- d) The supplier shall ensure safe burn out of the sparks around the tip to ensure that there are no hot dropped objects.

### 4.3 Volumetric flow rate

The recommendations specified in API 537, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2017), E.2.3 Form General 3, Line 6, Equation (E.3) should apply with the following exception:

$$V_{eq} = 3.091 \times q_m \times \sqrt{\frac{T_{gas}}{M_{gas}}}$$



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