

Potrubné systémy z plastov na zásobovanie vodou a na tlakové kanalizačné potrubia a stoky Polyetylén (PE)

Časť 5: Vhodnosť systému na daný účel

STN EN 12201-5

64 3041

Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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English Version

Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system

Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour l'alimentation en eau et pour les branchements et les collecteurs d'assainissement avec pression - Polyéthylène (PE) - Partie 5 : Aptitude à l'emploi du système

Kunststoff-Rohrleitungssysteme für die Wasserversorgung und für Entwässerungs- und Abwasserdruckleitungen - Polyethylen (PE) - Teil 5: Gebrauchstauglichkeit des Systems

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 10 December 2023.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Contents European foreword					
			1	Scope	6
			2	Normative references	7
3	Terms and definitions	8			
4	Symbols and abbreviations	8			
5 5.1 5.1.1	Fitness for purpose of the system Method of preparation of assemblies for testing General	8			
5.1.2 5.1.3	Butt fusion jointsElectrofusion joints	8			
5.1.4 5.2	Mechanical jointsRequirements for fitness for purpose	9			
5.2.1 5.2.2	GeneralFitness for purpose of the system for butt fusion joints (C)	9			
5.2.3 5.2.4	Fitness for purpose of the system for electrofusion joints (A) (B)Fitness for purpose of the system for mechanical joints (D)	11			
5.2.5 5.3	Fitness for purpose of the system for socket fusion joints (E) Conditioning				
5.4 5.5	Requirements Testing of pipe with coextruded layers				
Bibliography		15			

European foreword

This document (EN 12201-5:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 155 "Plastics piping systems and ducting systems", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 12201-5:2011.

System Standards are based on the results of the work being undertaken in ISO/TC 138 "Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids", which is a Technical Committee of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

They are supported by separate standards on test methods to which references are made throughout the System Standard.

The System Standards are consistent with general standards on functional requirements and on recommended practice for installation.

EN 12201 consists of the following parts:

- EN 12201-1, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure Polyethylene (PE) Part 1: General;
- EN 12201-2, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure Polyethylene (PE) Part 2: Pipes;
- EN 12201-3, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure Polyethylene (PE) Part 3: Fittings;
- EN 12201-4, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure Polyethylene (PE) Part 4: Valves for water supply systems;
- EN 12201-5, *Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure Polyethylene (PE) Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system* (this document).

In addition, the following document provides guidance on the assessment of conformity:

— CEN/TS 12201-7, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 7: Guidance for the assessment of conformity.

The revision of this System Standard has been carried out principally to add the PE 100-RC type materials with enhanced resistance to slow crack growth. EN 12201-1:2024, Annex C discusses the performance of this type of material and gives additional information for non-conventional installation techniques. In addition, test methods have been updated.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

This document specifies the requirements for a piping system and its components made from polyethylene (PE). The piping system is intended to be used for water supply intended for human consumption, including the conveyance of raw water prior to treatment, drains and sewers under pressure, vacuum sewer systems, and water for other purposes.

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by the EN 12201 series:

— this document provides no information as to whether the products may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;

NOTE Attention is drawn to the presence of national regulations and testing arrangements in relation to products intended for use in water supply to ensure fitness for contact with drinking water.

Requirements and test methods for components of the piping system are specified in EN 12201-1, EN 12201-2, EN 12201-3 and EN 12201-4. CEN/TS 12201-7 [1] gives guidance for assessment of conformity.

This part of EN 12201 covers the characteristics of the fitness for purpose of the system.

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements of fitness for purpose of assembled polyethylene (PE) piping systems intended for the conveyance of water intended for human consumption, raw water prior to treatment, drains and sewers under pressure, vacuum sewer systems, and water for other purposes, with the exception of industrial application.

It specifies the requirements for electrofusion, socket fusion, butt fusion and mechanical joints.

It specifies the method of preparation of test piece joints, and the tests to be carried out on these joints for assessing the fitness for purpose of the system under normal and extreme conditions.

NOTE 1 For PE components intended for the conveyance of water for human consumption and raw water prior to treatment attention is drawn to the introduction of this document. Components manufactured for water for other purposes, drains and sewers, and vacuum systems, are possibly not suitable for water supply for human consumption.

NOTE 2 Industrial application is covered by EN ISO 15494 [2].

The intended use includes sea outfalls, laid in water and pipes suspended below bridges.

It also specifies the test parameters for the test methods referred to in this document.

This document is intended to only be used by the product manufacturer to assess the performance of components in accordance with EN 12201-2, EN 12201-3, or EN 12201-4 when joined together under normal and extreme conditions in accordance with this document. It is not intended for on-site testing of pipe systems.

In conjunction with EN 12201-1, EN 12201-2, EN 12201-3 and EN 12201-4 this document is applicable to PE pipes, fittings and valves, their joints and joints with components of PE and other materials intended to be used under the following conditions:

- a) allowable operating pressure, PFA, up to 25 bar1;
- b) an operating temperature of 20 °C as a reference temperature for design purposes.

NOTE 3 For applications operating at constant temperatures greater than 20 $^{\circ}$ C up to and including 50 $^{\circ}$ C, see EN 12201-1:2024, Annex A.

The EN 12201 series covers a range of allowable operating pressures and gives requirements concerning colours.

NOTE 4 It is the responsibility of the purchaser or specifier to make the appropriate selections from these aspects, taking into account their particular requirements and any relevant national guidance or regulations and installation practices or codes.

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 $^{^{1}}$ 1 bar = 0,1 MPa. = 10^{5} Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm 2

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 12201-1, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 1: General

EN 12201-2, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 2: Pipes

EN 12201-3, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 3: Fittings

EN 12201-4, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drains and sewers under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 4: Valves for water supply systems

EN ISO 3501, Plastics piping systems — Mechanical joints between fittings and pressure pipes — Test method for resistance to pull-out under constant longitudinal force (ISO 3501)

EN ISO 3503, Plastics piping systems — Mechanical joints between fittings and pressure pipes — Test method for leaktightness under internal pressure of assemblies subjected to bending (ISO 3503)

EN ISO 3458, Plastics piping systems — Mechanical joints between fittings and pressure pipes — Test method for leaktightness under internal pressure (ISO 3458)

EN ISO 3459:2022, Plastic piping systems — Mechanical joints between fittings and pressure pipes — Test method for leaktightness under negative pressure (ISO 3459:2022)

EN ISO 1167-1:2006, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 1: General method (ISO 1167-1:2006)

EN ISO 1167-2, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 2: Preparation of pipe test pieces (ISO 1167-2)

EN ISO 1167-4, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 4: Preparation of assemblies (ISO 1167-4)

ISO 11413:2019, Plastics pipes and fittings — Preparation of test piece assemblies between a polyethylene (PE) pipe and an electrofusion fitting

ISO 11414:2009, Plastics pipes and fittings — Preparation of polyethylene (PE) pipe/pipe or pipe/fitting test piece assemblies by butt fusion

ISO 13953, Polyethylene (PE) pipes and fittings — Determination of the tensile strength and failure mode of test pieces from a butt-fused joint

ISO 13954, Plastics pipes and fittings — Peel decohesion test for polyethylene (PE) electrofusion assemblies of nominal outside diameter greater than or equal to 90 mm

ISO 13955, Plastics pipes and fittings — Crushing decohesion test for polyethylene (PE) electrofusion assemblies

ISO 13956, Plastics pipes and fittings — Decohesion test of polyethylene (PE) saddle fusion joints — Evaluation of ductility of fusion joint interface by tear test

ISO 17885, Plastics piping systems — Mechanical fittings for pressure piping systems — Specifications

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN

NOTE Joints with electrofusion saddle fitting are expected to take national safety regulations into consideration when being prepared.

For electrofusion couplers, test joints on selected diameters out of the product range shall be prepared with a gap of $0.05d_n$ between the pipe end and the maximum theoretical depth of penetration of the fitting, where for diameters greater than 225 mm, the adjoining pipes shall be arranged to provide the maximum angular deflection possible for the fitting, limited to 1.5° .