

Mimotelové systémy na čistenie krvi Časť 2: Mimotelový krvný a tekutinový obvod pre hemodialyzátory, hemodiafiltre, hemofiltre a hemokoncentrátory (ISO 8637-2: 2024)

STN EN ISO 8637-2

85 6218

Extracorporeal systems for blood purification - Part 2: Extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits for haemodialysers, haemodiafilters, haemofilters and haemoconcentrators (ISO 8637-2:2024)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 06/24

Obsahuje: EN ISO 8637-2:2024, ISO 8637-2:2024

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší STN EN ISO 8637-2 (85 6218) z januára 2019

138741

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 8637-2

April 2024

ICS 11.040.20

Supersedes EN ISO 8637-2:2018

English Version

Extracorporeal systems for blood purification - Part 2: Extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits for haemodialysers, haemodiafilters, haemofilters and haemoconcentrators (ISO 8637-2:2024)

Systèmes extracorporels pour la purification du sang-Partie 2: Circuits sanguins extracorporels et liquidiens pour les hémodialyseurs, les hémodiafiltres, les hémofiltres et les hémoconcentrateurs (ISO 8637-2:2024) Extrakorporale Systeme zur Blutreinigung - Teil 2: Extrakorporaler Blut- und Flüssigkeitskreislauf bei Hämodialysatoren, Hämodiafiltern, Hämofiltern und Hämokonzentratoren (ISO 8637-2:2024)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 15 December 2023.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

EN ISO 8637-2:2024 (E)

Contents	Page
European foreword	3
European Ioreworu	

EN ISO 8637-2:2024 (E)

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 8637-2:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150 "Implants for surgery" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 205 "Non-active medical devices" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 8637-2:2018.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 8637-2:2024 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 8637-2:2024 without any modification.



International Standard

ISO 8637-2

Second edition 2024-04

Extracorporeal systems for blood purification —

Part 2:

Extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits for haemodialysers, haemodiafilters, haemofilters and haemoconcentrators

Systèmes extracorporels pour la purification du sang —

Partie 2: Circuits sanguins extracorporels et liquidiens pour les hémodialyseurs, les hémodiafiltres, les hémofiltres et les hémoconcentrateurs



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org

Website: www.iso.org
Published in Switzerland

Contents						
For	eword		v			
Intr	oductio	on	vi			
1	Scon	oe	1			
2	-	native references				
_						
3	Tern	ns and definitions	2			
4	Requirements					
	4.1	General				
	4.2	Biological safety and haemocompatibility				
	4.3	Sterility				
	4.4 4.5	Non-pyrogenicity Mechanical characteristics				
	4.5	4.5.1 Structural integrity				
		4.5.2 Connectors to haemodialyser, haemodiafilter or haemofilter				
		4.5.3 Connectors to vascular access device				
		4.5.4 Connectors to ancillary components				
		4.5.5 Colour coding				
		4.5.6 Access ports				
		4.5.7 Blood pathway volume				
		4.5.8 Air capture chamber fill level				
	4.6	4.5.9 Transducer protectors				
	4.6	Functional characteristics				
		4.6.1 General 4.6.2 Blood pump system performance				
		4.6.2 Blood pump system performance				
		4.6.4 Net fluid removal				
		4.6.5 Substitution fluid flow rate				
		4.6.6 Dialysis fluid composition				
		4.6.7 Dialysis fluid temperature				
		4.6.8 Substitution fluid temperature				
		4.6.9 Fluid path occlusion				
		4.6.10 Prevention of air infusion	13			
		4.6.11 Pressure monitoring				
		4.6.12 Blood leak detection				
	4.7	4.7 Expiry date				
5	Test methods					
	5.1	General	13			
	5.2	Biological safety and haemocompatibility	14			
	5.3	Sterility				
	5.4 5.5	Non-pyrogenicity				
		Mechanical characteristics				
		5.5.1 Structural integrity				
		5.5.2 Connectors to haemodialyser, haemodiafilter or haemofilter				
		5.5.4 Connectors to ancillary components				
		5.5.6 Access ports				
		5.5.7 Blood pathway volume				
		5.5.8 Air capture chamber fill level				
		5.5.9 Transducer protectors				
	5.6	Functional characteristics				
		5.6.1 General	22			
		5.6.2 Blood pump system performance				
		5.6.3 Dialysis fluid pump performance	22			

		5.6.4	Net fluid removal	22
		5.6.5	Substitution fluid flow rate	22
		5.6.6	Dialysis fluid composition	22
		5.6.7	Dialysis fluid temperature	22
		5.6.8	Substitution fluid temperature	22
		5.6.9	Fluid path occlusion	23
		5.6.10	Dialysis fluid composition Dialysis fluid temperature Substitution fluid temperature Fluid path occlusion Prevention of air infusion	23
		5.6.11	Pressure monitoring	23
		5.6.12	Blood leak detection	23
	5.7	Expiry	y date	23
6	Labe	elling		23
	6.1	Labell	ling on the device	23
	6.2	Labell	ling on unit protective packaging	23
	6.3	Labell	ling on the outer shipping container	24
	6.4	Inforn	ling on the device	24
7				
Bibli	ograpl	1V		27

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical committee ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Cardiovascular implants and extracorporeal systems*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 205, *Non-active medical devices*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8637-2:2018), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are:

- dimensional details of reference connectors for the testing of blood port connectors have been included together with an illustration of a conical gauge suitable to test the blood connector socket;
- blood and fluid circuits with haemodialysis equipment have been integrated throughout this document;
- the terms and definitions have been aligned with those used in other parts of the ISO 8637 series and IEC 60601-2-16;
- a risk-based approach to structural integrity testing has been introduced;
- haemocompatibility testing has been updated;
- the scope has been widened to include disposable fluid circuits.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 8637 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document is concerned with the extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits manufactured for single use and intended for use in conjunction with haemodialysers, haemodiafilters, haemofilters and heamodialysis equipment. The requirements specified in this document for the extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits will help to ensure safety and satisfactory function.

It was not found practicable to specify materials of construction. This document therefore requires only that materials which have been tested and that the methods and results are made available upon request. There is no intention to specify, or to set limits on, the performance characteristics of the devices because such restrictions are unnecessary for the qualified user and would limit the alternatives available when choosing a device for a specific application. This document therefore requires only that materials have been tested and that the methods and results are made available upon request.

The dimensions of the connectors intended for connecting the extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits to a haemodialyser, haemodiafilter or haemofilter have been reviewed to ensure compatibility with these devices, as specified in ISO 8637-1. The design and dimensions selected are intended to minimize the risk of leakage of blood and ingress of air. Connectors with either fixed or loose locking shells are permitted.

This document reflects the consensus of physicians, manufacturers and other interested parties for devices that are approved for clinical use.

Extracorporeal systems for blood purification —

Part 2:

Extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits for haemodialysers, haemodiafilters, haemofilters and haemoconcentrators

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for disposable extracorporeal blood and fluid circuits and accessories used in combination with haemodialysis equipment intended for extracorporeal blood treatment therapies such as, but not limited to, haemodialysis, haemodiafiltration, haemofiltration.

This document does not apply to:

- haemodialysers, haemodiafilters or haemofilters;
- plasmafilters;
- haemoperfusion devices;
- vascular access devices.

NOTE 1 Requirements for haemodialysers, haemodiafilters, haemofilters and haemoconcentrators are specified in ISO 8637-1.

NOTE 2 Requirements for plasmafilters are specified in ISO 8637-3.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7864, Sterile hypodermic needles for single use — Requirements and test methods

ISO 10993-1, Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process

ISO 10993-4, Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 4: Selection of tests for interactions with blood

ISO 10993-11, Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 11: Tests for systemic toxicity

ISO 80369-7, Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications — Part 7: Connectors for intravascular or hypodermic applications

ISO 80369-20:2015, Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications — Part 20: Common test methods

ISO 11607-1, Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices — Part 1: Requirements for materials, sterile barrier systems and packaging systems

ISO 11607-2, Packaging for terminally sterilized medical devices — Part 2: Validation requirements for forming, sealing and assembly processes

ISO 11737-2, Sterilization of health care products — Microbiological methods — Part 2: Tests of sterility performed in the definition, validation and maintenance of a sterilization process

ISO 20417, Medical devices — Information to be supplied by the manufacturer

IEC 60601-2-16:2018, Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-16: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of haemodialysis, haemodiafiltration and haemofiltration equipment

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN