

Náterové látky Náterové systémy na listy rotora veterných turbín Šasť 6: Stanovenie a hodnotenie adhézie ľadi

Časť 6: Stanovenie a hodnotenie adhézie ľadu pomocou centrifúgy (ISO/TS 19392-6: 2023)

STN P CEN ISO/TS 19392-6

67 2030

Paints and varnishes - Coating systems for wind-turbine rotor blades - Part 6: Determination and evaluation of ice adhesion using centrifuge (ISO/TS 19392-6:2023)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 09/24

Táto predbežná slovenská technická norma je určená na overenie. Prípadné pripomienky pošlite do júla 2026 Úradu pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky.

Obsahuje: CEN ISO/TS 19392-6:2024, ISO/TS 19392-6:2023

139123

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SPÉCIFICATION TECHNIQUE TECHNISCHE SPEZIFIKATION

CEN ISO/TS 19392-6

July 2024

ICS 87.040

English Version

Paints and varnishes - Coating systems for wind-turbine rotor blades - Part 6: Determination and evaluation of ice adhesion using centrifuge (ISO/TS 19392-6:2023)

Peintures et vernis - Matériaux de revêtement pour pales de turbines éoliennes - Partie 6: Détermination et évaluation de l'adhésion de la glace à l'aide d'une centrifugeuse (ISO/TS 19392-6:2023) Beschichtungsstoffe - Beschichtungssysteme für Rotorblätter von Windenergieanlagen - Teil 6: Bestimmung und Bewertung der Eisadhäsion mittels Zentrifuge (ISO/TS 19392-6:2023)

This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 24 June 2024 for provisional application.

The period of validity of this CEN/TS is limited initially to three years. After two years the members of CEN will be requested to submit their comments, particularly on the question whether the CEN/TS can be converted into a European Standard.

CEN members are required to announce the existence of this CEN/TS in the same way as for an EN and to make the CEN/TS available promptly at national level in an appropriate form. It is permissible to keep conflicting national standards in force (in parallel to the CEN/TS) until the final decision about the possible conversion of the CEN/TS into an EN is reached.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

CEN ISO/TS 19392-6:2024 (E)

Contents	Page
	0
European foreword	3

CEN ISO/TS 19392-6:2024 (E)

European foreword

The text of ISO/TS 19392-6:2023 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35 "Paints and varnishes" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as CEN ISO/TS 19392-6:2024 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 139 "Paints and varnishes" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to announce this Technical Specification: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO/TS 19392-6:2023 has been approved by CEN as CEN ISO/TS 19392-6:2024 without any modification.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

ISO/TS 19392-6

First edition 2023-02

Paints and varnishes — Coating systems for wind-turbine rotor blades —

Part 6:

Determination and evaluation of ice adhesion using centrifuge

Peintures et vernis — Matériaux de revêtement pour pales de turbines éoliennes —

Partie 6: Détermination et évaluation de l'adhésion de la glace à l'aide d'une centrifugeuse





COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2023

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Cor	ntents	Page
Fore	word	iv
Intro	oduction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	
3	Terms and definitions	
4	Principle	
5	Apparatus	
6	Sampling	
7	Test panels 7.1 Substrate 7.2 Preparation 7.3 Conditioning 7.4 Coating thickness 7.5 Roughness of coating	
8	Procedure	
	8.1 Number of determinations	
	8.2 Examination before exposure8.3 Sample preparation (ice formation)	
	8.4 Ice adhesion testing	5
	8.5 Examination after testing	5
9	Evaluation	5
10	Precision	6
11	Test report	6
Anne	ex A (informative) Example of parameters for ice formation processes	7
	iography	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 9, *General test methods for paints and varnishes*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 19392 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Ice accretion on rotor blade surfaces of wind turbines can decrease the efficiency and limit the performance of wind turbines in cold, humid environments. Ice formation can also lead to damage of the rotor blade and can be hazardous, if ice falls off the blade. Icephobic coatings ("icephobics") can be applied to rotor blade surfaces to reduce or prevent the adhesion of ice by removing ice prior to reaching a critical ice mass for the rotor blades. They can also increase the efficiency of thermal ice protection systems.

Paints and varnishes — Coating systems for wind-turbine rotor blades —

Part 6:

Determination and evaluation of ice adhesion using centrifuge

1 Scope

This document describes a method to measure ice adhesion from artificial ice on test substrates by using a centrifuge. Basic ice types are defined and test parameters for the ice removal are described to achieve reproducibility of test results for ice adhesion measurements for rotor blade coatings. This document does not intend to provide fixed test parameter to account for the diversity of relevant icing scenarios in this field of application.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1513, Paints and varnishes — Examination and preparation of test samples

ISO 4618, Paints and varnishes —Vocabulary

ISO 15528, Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling

ISO 21920-2, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile — Part 2: Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters

SAE ARP 5905, Calibration and Acceptance of Icing Wind Tunnels

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN