

STN	Neaktívne chirurgické implantáty Implantáty kĺbov Špecifické požiadavky na implantáty bedrového kĺbu (ISO 21535: 2023)	STN EN ISO 21535 85 2937
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Non-active surgical implants - Joint replacement implants - Specific requirements for hip-joint replacement implants (ISO 21535:2023)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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EN ISO 21535

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21535:2009/A1:2016

English Version

**Non-active surgical implants - Joint replacement implants -
Specific requirements for hip-joint replacement implants
(ISO 21535:2023)**

Implants chirurgicaux non actifs - Implants de
remplacement d'articulation - Exigences spécifiques
relatives aux implants de remplacement de
l'articulation de la hanche (ISO 21535:2023)

Nichtaktive chirurgische Implantate - Implantate zum
Gelenkersatz - Spezielle Anforderungen an Implantate
für den Hüftgelenkersatz (ISO 21535:2023)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 June 2023.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 21535:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150 "Implants for surgery" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 285 "Non-active surgical implants" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2025, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2025.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 21535:2009, EN ISO 21535:2009/A1:2016.

This document has been prepared under a standardization request addressed to CEN by the European Commission. The Standing Committee of the EFTA States subsequently approves these requests for its Member States.

For the relationship with EU Legislation, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 21535:2023 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 21535:2024 without any modification.

EN ISO 21535:2024 (E)**Annex ZA**
(informative)**Relationship between this European standard and the General Safety and Performance Requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 aimed to be covered**

This European Standard has been prepared under a Commission's standardization request "M/575" to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the General Safety and Performance Requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 of 5 April 2017 concerning medical devices [OJ L 117].

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Regulation, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZA.1 and application of the edition of the normatively referenced standards as given in Table ZA.2 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding General Safety and Performance Requirements of that Regulation, and associated EFTA regulations.

Where a definition in this standard differs from a definition of the same term set out in Regulation (EU) 2017/745, the differences shall be indicated in this Annex Z. For the purpose of using this standard in support of the requirements set out in Regulation (EU) 2017/745, the definitions set out in this Regulation prevail.

Where the European standard is an adoption of an International Standard, the scope of this standard can differ from the scope of the European Regulation that it supports. As the scope of the applicable regulatory requirements differ from nation to nation and region to region, the standard can only support European regulatory requirements to the extent of the scope of the European regulation for medical devices (EU) 2017/745).

For application of this European standard under Regulation (EU) 2017/745,

1. it is clarified that the third paragraph of the scope and the related subclause 7.2.1.2 are solely intended to point out that additional testing not specified in this document can be required to ensure the safety and efficacy of implants for which failure modes exist which were unknown at the time of drafting of this document;
2. it is clarified that the fourth paragraph of the scope and related language in the first paragraphs of Clauses 4, 5, 6 and 7 are intended to avoid unnecessary re-design or re-testing of implants which are currently legally marketed in the European Union;
3. it is recognized that the normatively referenced ISO 7206-2:2011+Amd 1:2016 itself includes a reference to the withdrawn ISO 4288:1996 which has been replaced by ISO 21920-3:2021 and for application of this European standard under Regulation (EU) 2017/745 ISO 21920-3:2021 shall be used instead of ISO 4288:1996;
4. it is recognized that the normatively referenced ISO 10993-1 includes a dated reference to ISO 14971:2007 which is outdated and for application of this European standard under Regulation (EU) 2017/745 the most recent European version EN ISO 14971:2019 + A11:2021 shall be used;

NOTE 1 Where a reference from a clause of this standard to the risk management process is made, the risk management process needs to be in compliance with Regulation (EU) 2017/745. This means that risks have to be 'reduced as far as possible', 'reduced to the lowest possible level', 'reduced as far as possible and appropriate', 'removed or reduced as far as possible', 'eliminated or reduced as far as possible', 'removed or minimized as far

as possible’, or ‘minimized’, according to the wording of the corresponding General Safety and Performance Requirement.

NOTE 2 The manufacturer’s policy for determining **acceptable risk** must be in compliance with General Safety and Performance Requirements 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 of the Regulation.

NOTE 3 When a General Safety and Performance Requirement does not appear in Table ZA.1, it means that it is not addressed by this European Standard.

Table ZA.1 — Correspondence between this European standard and Annex I of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 [OJ L 117] and to system or process requirements including those relating to quality management systems, risk management, post-market surveillance systems, clinical investigations, clinical evaluation or post-market clinical follow-up

General Safety and Performance Requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745	Clause(s) / sub-clause(s) of this EN	Remarks / Notes
10.1 (c)	5.2.1 7.2.2.3 4 and 7.2.2.5 7.2.2.6 7.2.2.10 7.2.2.11 7.2.2.12 7.2.2.13 and 7.2.2.14 7.2.2.15	10.1 (c) is covered as follows: The compatibility of taper connections is covered by 5.2.1. The pull-off and lever off characteristics of the heads are covered by 7.2.2.3. The range of motion is covered by Clause 4 and 7.2.2.5. The resistance to torque is covered by 7.2.2.6. The disassembly force is covered by 7.2.2.10. The fretting corrosion is covered by 7.2.2.11. Impingement is covered by 7.2.2.12. The static and fatigue strength of modular connections is covered by 7.2.2.13 and 7.2.2.14. The frictional torque of a hip joint bearing is covered by 7.2.2.15.
10.1 (f)	7.2.2 (all subclauses)	10.1 (f) is covered with the exception of “ductility” by 7.2.2 (all subclauses).
10.1 (g)	5.2.2	10.1 (g) is covered by 5.2.2.
10.4.1 1 st paragraph	7.2.2.4	10.4.1 is covered with respect to wear of the bearings of hip implants by 7.2.2.4 which requires that the bearings of hip joints shall undergo wear testing and the wear shall be the same or

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		less than the wear of a reference implant.
23.4 (s)	11.5	23.4 (s) is covered with respect to the information for the patient by 11.5.
	11.6	23.4 (s) is covered with respect to the information for the surgeon by 11.6.

Table ZA.2 — Applicable Standards to confer presumption of conformity as described in this Annex ZA

Column 1 Reference in Clause 2	Column 2 International Standard Edition	Column 3 Title	Column 4 Corresponding European Standard Edition
ISO 5834-1	ISO 5834-1:2019	Implants for surgery — Ultra-high-molecular-weight polyethylene — Part 1: Powder form	-
ISO 6475	ISO 6475:1989	Implants for surgery — Metal bone screws with asymmetrical thread and spherical under-surface — Mechanical requirements and test methods	-
ISO 7206-1:2008	ISO 7206-1:2008	Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 1: Classification and designation of dimensions	-
ISO 7206-2	ISO 7206-2:2011 and ISO 7206-2:2011/Amd 1:2016	Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 2: Articulating surfaces made of metallic, ceramic and plastics materials	-
ISO 7206-4	ISO 7206-4:2010 and ISO 7206-4:2010/Amd 1:2016	Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 4: Determination of endurance properties and performance of stemmed femoral components	-
ISO 7206-6	ISO 7206-6:2013	Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 6: Endurance properties testing and performance	-

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		requirements of neck region of stemmed femoral components	
ISO 7206-10	ISO 7206-10:2018 and ISO 7206-10:2018/Amd 1:2021	Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip-joint prostheses — Part 10: Determination of resistance to static load of modular femoral heads	-
ISO 7206-12	ISO 7206-12:2016	Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 12: Deformation test method for acetabular shells	-
ISO 7206-13	ISO 7206-13:2016 and ISO 7206-13:2016/Amd 1:2022	Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 13: Determination of resistance to torque of head fixation of stemmed femoral components	-
ISO 10993-1	ISO 10993-1:2018	Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process	EN ISO 10993-1:2020
ISO 11491	ISO 11491:2017	Implants for surgery — Determination of impact resistance of ceramic femoral heads for hip joint prostheses	-
ISO 14242-1	ISO 14242-1:2014 and ISO 14242-1:2014/Amd 1:2018	Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 1: Loading and displacement parameters for wear-testing machines and corresponding environmental conditions for test	-
ISO 14242-2	ISO 14242-2:2016	Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 2: Methods of measurement	-
ISO 14242-3	ISO 14242-3:2009 and ISO 14242-3:2009/Amd 1:2019	Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 3: Loading and displacement parameters for orbital bearing type wear testing machines and corresponding environmental conditions for test	-

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ISO 14242-4	ISO 14242-4:2018	Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 4: Testing hip prostheses under variations in component positioning which results in direct edge loading	-
ISO 14630	ISO 14630:2012	Non-active surgical implants — General requirements	EN ISO 14630:2012
ISO 21534:2007	ISO 21534:2007	Non-active surgical implants — Joint replacement implants — Particular requirements	EN ISO 21534:2009

The documents listed in the Column 1 of Table ZA.2, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document, i.e. are indispensable for its application. The achievement of the presumption of conformity is subject to the application of the edition of Standards as listed in Column 4 or, if no European Standard Edition exists, the International Standard Edition given in Column 2 of Table ZA.2.

WARNING 1 — Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European Standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2 — Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO
21535

Third edition
2023-07

Non-active surgical implants — Joint replacement implants — Specific requirements for hip-joint replacement implants

*Implants chirurgicaux non actifs — Implants de remplacement
d'articulation — Exigences spécifiques relatives aux implants de
remplacement de l'articulation de la hanche*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Bone and joint replacements*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 285, *Non-active surgical implants*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 21535:2007), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 21535:2007/Amd 1:2016.

The main changes are as follows:

- The scope has been expanded to specify more precisely the hip joint replacement types which are the subject of this document. Also, the scope now clarifies the requirements for implants which have been legally marketed and for which there is a history of sufficient and safe clinical use.
- The number of normative references has been expanded, including the addition of several ASTM standards.
- Several new definitions have been added, including: bipolar femoral hip and bipolar femoral hip joint replacement, bipolar femoral component, constrained hip and constrained hip joint replacement, dual mobility head and dual mobility femoral component, dual mobility hip and dual mobility hip joint replacement, femoral head, reference implant, resurfacing hip joint replacement, sufficient and safe clinical use, ultra-high molecular weight polyethylene and UHMWPE, and worst case.
- The design attributes to be taken into account have been specified in [Clause 5](#). The requirements for tolerances, dimensions and thickness of various hip components made from plastic, metal and ceramic have been expanded.
- Several new general requirements have been added in [7.2.1](#), which specify

- a) the circumstances when a test can be omitted,
 - b) the testing of the worst case,
 - c) the processes to be followed when no performance requirement has been specified, and
 - d) the processes to be followed when a performance requirement has been specified but has not been met.
- The number of pre-clinical evaluations (bench tests) to be performed has been greatly increased in [7.2.2](#). For some of the tests, a performance requirement has been specified. For some of the tests, no performance requirement has been specified, and, in these cases, a new requirement has been added, namely the requirement to demonstrate that the performance of the implant under evaluation is the same or better than that of a reference implant. If no reference implant exists, a sequence of alternative options has been specified. These alternative options are also available in the case where there is a performance requirement, which is not met by the implant being tested.
 - A new clinical investigation subclause has been added in [7.3](#), with several requirements which specify the circumstances in which a clinical investigation can be required.
 - A new post-market surveillance subclause has been added in [7.4](#), which references the requirements in ISO 21534:2007, 7.4.
 - A warning for the surgeon about the consequences of component malposition or the use of specific components which can decrease joint range of motion has been added in [11.6](#).
 - A note has been added in [11.7](#) which states that in some jurisdictions there is the option to provide the instructions for use in electronic instead of paper format.
 - All the figures have been revised.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

There are three levels of standards dealing with non-active surgical implants.

These are as follows, with level 1 being the highest:

- level 1: general requirements for non-active surgical implants and instrumentation used in association with implants;
- level 2: particular requirements for families of non-active surgical implants;
- level 3: specific requirements for types of non-active surgical implant.

This document is a level 3 standard and contains requirements applying specifically to hip joint replacements.

The level 1 standard, ISO 14630, contains requirements that apply to all non-active surgical implants. It also indicates that there are additional requirements in the level 2 and level 3 standards.

The level 2 standards apply to more restricted sets or families of implants such as those designed for use in osteosynthesis, cardiovascular surgery or joint replacement. For joint replacement implants, the level 2 standard is ISO 21534.

To address all requirements, it is recommended that a standard of the lowest available level be consulted first.

Non-active surgical implants — Joint replacement implants — Specific requirements for hip-joint replacement implants

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for hip-joint replacement implants. With regard to safety, this document specifies requirements for intended performance, design attributes, materials, design evaluation, manufacture, sterilization, packaging, information supplied by the manufacturer and methods of test.

This document applies to both total and partial hip joint replacement implants. It applies to components made of metallic and non-metallic materials.

This document applies to a wide variety of hip replacement implants, but for some specific hip replacement implant types, some considerations, not specifically covered in this document, can be applicable. Further details are given in [7.2.1.2](#).

The requirements which are specified in this document are not intended to require the re-design or re-testing of implants which have been legally marketed and for which there is a history of sufficient and safe clinical use. For such implants, compliance with this document can be demonstrated by providing evidence of the implant's sufficient and safe clinical use.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5834-1, *Implants for surgery — Ultra-high-molecular-weight polyethylene — Part 1: Powder form*

ISO 6475, *Implants for surgery — Metal bone screws with asymmetrical thread and spherical under-surface — Mechanical requirements and test methods*

ISO 7206-1:2008, *Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 1: Classification and designation of dimensions*

ISO 7206-2, *Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 2: Articulating surfaces made of metallic, ceramic and plastics materials*

ISO 7206-4, *Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 4: Determination of endurance properties and performance of stemmed femoral components*

ISO 7206-6, *Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 6: Endurance properties testing and performance requirements of neck region of stemmed femoral components*

ISO 7206-10, *Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip-joint prostheses — Part 10: Determination of resistance to static load of modular femoral heads*

ISO 7206-12, *Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 12: Deformation test method for acetabular shells*

ISO 7206-13, *Implants for surgery — Partial and total hip joint prostheses — Part 13: Determination of resistance to torque of head fixation of stemmed femoral components*

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ISO 10993-1, *Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process*

ISO 11491, *Implants for surgery — Determination of impact resistance of ceramic femoral heads for hip joint prostheses*

ISO 14242-1, *Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 1: Loading and displacement parameters for wear-testing machines and corresponding environmental conditions for test*

ISO 14242-2, *Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 2: Methods of measurement*

ISO 14242-3, *Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 3: Loading and displacement parameters for orbital bearing type wear testing machines and corresponding environmental conditions for test*

ISO 14242-4, *Implants for surgery — Wear of total hip-joint prostheses — Part 4: Testing hip prostheses under variations in component positioning which results in direct edge loading*

ISO 14630, *Non-active surgical implants — General requirements*

ISO 21534:2007, *Non-active surgical implants — Joint replacement implants — Particular requirements*

ASTM F543, *Standard Specification and Test Methods for Metallic Medical Bone Screws*

ASTM F648, *Standard Specification for Ultra-High-Molecular-Weight Polyethylene Powder and Fabricated Form for Surgical Implants*

ASTM F1820, *Standard Test Method for Determining the Forces for Disassembly of Modular Acetabular Devices*

ASTM F1875, *Standard Practice for Fretting Corrosion Testing of Modular Implant Interfaces: Hip Femoral Head-Bore and Cone Taper Interface*

ASTM F2009, *Standard Test Method for Determining the Axial Disassembly Force of Taper Connections of Modular Prostheses*

ASTM F2033, *Standard Specification for Total Hip Joint Prosthesis and Hip Endoprosthesis Bearing Surfaces Made of Metallic, Ceramic, and Polymeric Materials*

ASTM F2345, *Standard Test Methods for Determination of Static and Cyclic Fatigue Strength of Ceramic Modular Femoral Heads*

ASTM F2580, *Standard Practice for Evaluation of Modular Connection of Proximally Fixed Femoral Hip Prosthesis*

ASTM F2582, *Standard Test Method for Impingement of Acetabular Prostheses*

ASTM F3018, *Standard Guide for Assessment of Hard-on-Hard Articulation Total Hip Replacement and Hip Resurfacing Arthroplasty Devices*

ASTM F3047M, *Standard Guide for High Demand Hip Simulator Wear Testing of Hard-on-hard Articulations*

ASTM F3090, *Standard Test Method for Fatigue Testing of Acetabular Devices for Total Hip Replacement*

ASTM F3143, *Standard Test Method for Determination of Frictional Torque and Friction Factor for Hip Replacement Bearings Under Standard Conditions Using a Reciprocal Friction Simulator*

ASTM F3446, *Standard Test Method for Determination of Frictional Torque and Friction Factor for Hip Implants Using an Anatomical Motion Hip Simulator*

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN