STN	Plasty Recyklované plasty Charakterizácia recyklátov z polyvinylchloridu (PVC)	STN EN 15346
		64 8105

Plastics - Recycled plastics - Characterization of poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) recyclates

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 10/24

Obsahuje: EN 15346:2024

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší STN EN 15346 (64 8105) z februára 2016

139306

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky, 2024

Slovenská technická norma a technická normalizačná informácia je chránená zákonom č. 60/2018 Z. z. o technickej normalizácii v znení neskorších predpisov.

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 15346

August 2024

ICS 13.030.50; 83.080.20

Supersedes EN 15346:2014

English Version

Plastics - Recycled plastics - Characterization of poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) recyclates

Plastiques - Plastiques recyclés - Caractérisation des recyclats de poly(chlorure de vinyle) (PVC)

Kunststoffe - Kunststoff-Rezyklate - Charakterisierung von Polyvinylchlorid (PVC)-Rezyklaten

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 3 June 2024.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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Ref. No. EN 15346:2024 E

STN EN 15346: 2024

EN 15346:2024 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN 15346:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics", the secretariat of which is held by SIS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2025, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2025.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 15346:2014.

EN 15346:2024 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 15346:2014:

- The scope has been clarified;
- The introduction has been harmonized with EN 15342, EN 15344, EN 15345, EN 15348 and EN 18067;
- Clause 2 "Normative references" was updated;
- in Clause 3 "Terms and definitions" term 3.1 was removed;
- in Clause 5 Table 1 "Characterization of PVC recyclates" was revised;
- Clause 6 was clarified;
- Annex A "Typical compositions of PVC compounds" was removed;
- Annex C "Size and distribution of particles contained in micronized recycled PVC compounds by sieving" and Annex D "Size and distribution of recycled PVC crushes by sieving" were revised;
- Annex E and F: the titles were clarified.

This document is one part of series of CEN publications on Plastics Recycling, which is structured as follows:

- EN 15342, Plastics Recycled Plastics Characterization of polystyrene (PS) recyclates
- EN 15343, Plastics Recycled Plastics Plastics recycling traceability and assessment of conformity and recycled content
- EN 15344, Plastics Recycled Plastics Characterization of Polyethylene (PE) recyclates
- EN 15345, Plastics Recycled Plastics Characterization of Polypropylene (PP) recyclates
- EN 15346, Plastics Recycled plastics Characterization of poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) recyclates

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- EN 15347¹, (series), *Plastics Sorted plastics wastes*
- EN 15348, Plastics Recycled plastics Characterization of poly(ethylene terephthalate) (PET) recyclates
- EN 18067², Plastics Recycled plastics Characterization of acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) recyclates
- CEN/TR 15353, Plastics Recycled plastics Guidelines for the development of standards for recycled plastics

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

¹ Under preparation. Current stage is: prEN 15437-X:2023.

² Under preparation. Current stage is: prEN 18067:2024.

Introduction

Recycling of plastic waste is one type of material recovery process intended to save resources (virgin raw materials, water, and energy), while minimizing harmful emissions into air, water and soil as well as any impacts on human health. The environmental impact of recycling needs to be assessed over the whole life cycle of the recycling system (from the waste generation point to the disposal of final residues). To ensure that recycling constitutes the best environmental option for treating the available waste, some prerequisites should preferably be met:

- recycling scheme being contemplated should generate lower environmental impacts than alternative recovery options;
- existing or potential market outlets should be identified that will secure a sustainable industrial recycling operation;
- collection and sorting schemes should be properly designed to deliver recyclable plastics waste fractions fitting reasonably well with the available recycling technologies and with the (changing) needs of the identified market outlets, preferably at minimum costs to society.

This document has been produced in accordance with the guidance produced by CEN on Environmental Aspects and in accordance with CEN/TR 15353.

NOTE CEN/TR 15353 considers the general environmental aspects which are specific to the recycling process.

During their life, products are temporarily out of industrial control. Consequently, at the end user stage, it is often impossible to trace back each individual product and to check whether the product has been used correctly through its life cycle.

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1 Scope

This document specifies the main characteristics and associated test methods for assessing of poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) recyclates intended for use in the production of semi-finished/finished products.

This document is intended to support parties involved in the use of PVC recyclates to agree on specifications for specific and generic applications.

This document does not cover the characterization of plastics wastes, which is covered by the EN 15347¹(series), nor traceability topics which are covered by EN 15343.

This document is applicable without prejudice to any existing legislation.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CEN/TR 15353, Plastics — Recycled plastics — Guidelines for the development of standards for recycled plastics

EN 12099, Plastics piping systems — Polyethylene piping materials and components — Determination of volatile content

EN 15343, Plastics — Recycled Plastics — Plastics recycling traceability and assessment of conformity and recycled content

EN 17615, Plastics — Environmental Aspects — Vocabulary

EN ISO 60, Plastics — Determination of apparent density of material that can be poured from a specified funnel (ISO 60)

EN ISO 1043-1, Plastics — Symbols and abbreviated terms — Part 1: Basic polymers and their special characteristics (ISO 1043-1)

EN ISO 179-1, *Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties — Part 1: non-instrumented impact test (ISO 179-1)*

EN ISO 179-2, *Plastics* — *Determination of Charpy impact properties* — *Part 2: instrumented impact test (ISO 179-2)*

EN ISO 182-2, Plastics — Determination of the tendency of compounds and products based on vinyl chloride homopolymers and copolymers to evolve hydrogen chloride and any other acidic products at elevated temperatures — Part 2: pH method (ISO 182-2)

EN ISO 182-3, Plastics — Determination of the tendency of compounds and products based on vinyl chloride homopolymers and copolymers to evolve hydrogen chloride and any other acidic products at elevated temperatures — Part 3: Conductometric method (ISO 182-3)

EN ISO 182-4, Plastics — Determination of the tendency of compounds and products based on vinyl chloride homopolymers and copolymers to evolve hydrogen chloride and any other acidic products at elevated temperatures — Part 4: Potentiometric method (ISO 182-4)

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EN ISO 306, Plastics — Thermoplastic materials — Determination of Vicat softening temperature (VST) (ISO 306)

EN ISO 472, *Plastics — Vocabulary (ISO 472)*

EN ISO 527-1, Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Part 1: General principles (ISO 527-1)

EN ISO 527-2, Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Part 2: Test conditions for moulding and extrusion plastics (ISO 527-2)

EN ISO 868, Plastics and ebonite — Determination of indentation hardness by means of a durometer (Shore hardness) (ISO 868)

EN ISO 1183-1, Plastics — Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics — Part 1: Immersion method, liquid pycnometer method and titration method (ISO 1183-1)

EN ISO 1269, Plastics — Homopolymer and copolymer resins of vinyl chloride — Determination of volatile matter (including water) (ISO 1269)

EN ISO 3451-5, Plastics — Determination of ash — Part 5: Poly(vinyl chloride) (ISO 3451-5)

EN ISO 6186, Plastics — Determination of pourability (ISO 6186)

EN ISO 21306-2, Plastics — Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) moulding and extrusion materials — Part 2: preparation of test specimens and determination of properties (ISO 21306-2)

EN ISO/CIE 11664-4, *Colorimetry* — *Part 4: CIE 1976 L*a*b* colour space (ISO/CIE 11664-4)*

ISO 182-1, *Plastics* — *Determination of the tendency of compounds and products based on vinyl chloride homopolymers and copolymers to evolve hydrogen chloride and any other acidic products at elevated temperatures* — *Part 1: Congo red method*

ISO 565, Test sieves — Metal wire cloth, perforated metal plate and electroformed sheet — Nominal sizes of openings

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