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Leather - Determination of distension and strength of surface (Ball burst method) (ISO 3379:2024)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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English Version

Leather - Determination of distension and strength of surface (Ball burst method) (ISO 3379:2024)

Cuir - Détermination de l'extension et de la résistance à la traction de la surface (méthode de la bille) (ISO 3379:2024)

Leder - Bestimmung der Narbendehnfähigkeit und bruchkraft (Lastometer-Methode) (ISO 3379:2024)

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EN ISO 3379:2024 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 3379:2024) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IULTCS "International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2025, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2025.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 3379:2024 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 3379:2024 without any modification.



International Standard

ISO 3379

IULTCS IUP 9

Leather — Determination of distension and strength of surface (ball burst method)

Cuir — Détermination de l'extension et de la résistance à la traction de la surface (méthode de la bille)

Third edition 2024-10

ISO 3379:2024(en) IULTCS/IUP 9:2024(en)



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three Commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for the sampling and testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

This document was prepared by the Physical Test Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUP Commission, IULTCS) in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, *Leather*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 3379:2015), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- the terminology and references are modified to be in line with ISO 2418:2023;
- <u>Clause 6</u> has been re-arranged to make it easier to follow.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Leather — Determination of distension and strength of surface (ball burst method)

1 Scope

This document specifies a test method for the determination of distension and strength of the leather grain or finished surface. This method is applicable to all flexible leathers and it is particularly suitable to determine the lastability of leathers for footwear uppers.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2418, Leather — Chemical, physical, mechanical and fastness tests — Position and preparation of specimens for testing

ISO 2419, Leather — Physical and mechanical tests —Specimen and test piece conditioning

ISO 2589, Leather — Physical and mechanical tests — Determination of thickness

ISO 15115, Leather — Vocabulary

EN 15987, Leather — Terminology — Key definitions for the leather trade

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN