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STN	**Magnetické materiály Časť 18: Materiály s permanentným magnetom (magneticky tvrdé) Metódy merania magnetických vlastností v otvorenom magnetickom obvode pomocou supravodivého magnetu**	**STN EN IEC 60404-18** 34 5884

Magnetic materials - Part 18: Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials - Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties in an open magnetic circuit using a superconducting magnet

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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English Version

Magnetic materials - Part 18: Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials - Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties in an open magnetic circuit using a superconducting magnet (IEC 60404-18:2025)

Matériaux magnétiques - Partie 18: Matériaux (magnétiques durs) pour aimants permanents - Méthodes de mesure des propriétés magnétiques en circuit magnétique ouvert à l'aide d'un aimant supraconducteur (IEC 60404-18:2025)

Magnetische Werkstoffe - Teil 18: Permanentmagnetische (magnetisch harte) Werkstoffe - Verfahren zur Messung der magnetischen Eigenschaften in einem offenen Magnetkreis mit Hilfe eines supraleitenden Magneten (IEC 60404-18:2025)

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Ref. No. EN IEC 60404-18:2025 E

European foreword

The text of document 68/768/CDV, future edition 1 of IEC 60404-18, prepared by TC 68 "Magnetic alloys and steels" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 60404-18:2025.

The following dates are fixed:

• latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2026-04-30
• latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2028-04-30

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Annex ZA
(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cencenelec.eu.

Publication	Year	Title	EN/HD	Year
IEC 60050-121	1998	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Part 121: Electromagnetism	-	-
IEC 60050-151	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV)- Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices	-	-
IEC 60050-221	1990	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) -- Chapter 221: Magnetic materials and components	-	-
IEC 60404-5	-	Magnetic materials - Part 5: Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials - Methods of measurement of magnetic properties	EN 60404-5	-
IEC 60404-8-1	-	Magnetic materials - Part 8-1: Specifications for individual materials - Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials	EN IEC 60404-8-1	-

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MAGNETIC MATERIALS –

Part 18: Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials – Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties in an open magnetic circuit using a superconducting magnet

FOREWORD

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IEC 60404-18 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 68: Magnetic alloys and steels. It is an International Standard.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
68/768/CDV	68/775/RVC

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60404 series, published under the general title *Magnetic materials*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

INTRODUCTION

High-performance permanent magnet materials with high coercivity, for example Nd-Fe-B magnets, have been used in the electric and automobile industry and their usage increases rapidly to meet the need to improve energy saving and to increase efficiency of electromagnetic applications, for example traction motors for electric vehicles (EV) and hybrid electric vehicles (HEV), which are urgently demanded to contribute to the problem of global warming.

However, there has been no standard method which can determine all the magnetic properties of the high-performance permanent magnet materials with coercivity H_{cJ} higher than 2 MA/m to meet the need of the industry. The method specified in IEC 60404-5, which is a method of measurement in a closed magnetic circuit, can lead to significant measurement errors for measurement of H_{cJ} ≥ 1,6 MA/m due to magnetic saturation in parts of the pole faces of the yoke (see IEC 60404-5).

In order to solve the problem, several methods of measurement in an open magnetic circuit without a yoke have been developed. The methods using a superconducting magnet (SCM) are thought to solve this problem and enable accurate measurements of the high-performance permanent magnet materials (see IEC TR 63304 [1][1]).

Since the measurement in an open magnetic circuit is strongly affected by the self-demagnetizing field in the test specimen, a correction of the influence of self-demagnetizing field (demagnetizing field correction) on the demagnetization curve obtained in an open magnetic circuit is indispensable.

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1 Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

MAGNETIC MATERIALS –

Part 18: Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials – Methods of measurement of the magnetic properties in an open magnetic circuit using a superconducting magnet

1 Scope

The purpose of this part of IEC 60404 is to define the general principle and technical details of the methods of measurement of the DC magnetic properties of permanent magnet materials in an open magnetic circuit using a superconducting magnet (SCM).

This method is applicable to permanent magnet materials, such as those specified in IEC 60404-8-1, the properties of which are presumed homogeneous throughout their volume.

There are two methods:

– the SCM-vibrating sample magnetometer (VSM) method;
– the SCM-extraction method.

This document also specifies methods to correct the influence of the self-demagnetizing field in the test specimen on the demagnetization curve obtained in an open magnetic circuit. The magnetic properties are determined from the corrected demagnetization curve.

NOTE 1 These SCM-methods can determine the magnetic properties of high-performance permanent magnet materials with coercivity higher than 2 MA/m. For the magnetic materials with coercivity higher than 1,6 MA/m, the methods of measurement in a closed magnetic circuit in accordance with IEC 60404-5 can lead to significant measurement error due to magnetic saturation in parts of the pole faces of the yoke (see IEC 60404-5).

NOTE 2 There is another method of the measurement in an open magnetic circuit, i.e. the pulsed field magnetometer (PFM), which is described in IEC TR 62331 [3]. The PFM is the method of measurement of the magnetic properties of permanent magnet materials applying the pulsed magnetic field instead of the DC magnetic field and is different from the methods described in this document. The PFM measures a steep AC magnetic response of a test specimen in a pulsed magnetic field. Consequently, additional correction is indispensable to remove the influence of eddy currents in the test specimen and the magnetic viscosity of the magnetic materials in order to obtain properties equivalent to the DC magnetic properties.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-121:1998, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 121: Electromagnetism*

IEC 60050-151, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices*

IEC 60050-221:1990, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 221: Magnetic materials and components*

IEC 60404-5, *Magnetic materials – Part 5: Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials – Methods of measurement of magnetic properties*

IEC 60404-8-1, *Magnetic materials – Part 8-1: Specifications for individual materials – Permanent magnet (magnetically hard) materials*