

STN	Technológia palivových článkov Časť 3-200: Stacionárne palivové článkové napájacie systémy Metódy skúšania výkonu	STN EN IEC 62282-3-200 36 4512
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Fuel cell technologies - Part 3-200: Stationary fuel cell power systems - Performance test methods

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 03/26

Obsahuje: EN IEC 62282-3-200:2025, IEC 62282-3-200:2025

Oznámením tejto normy sa od 30.11.2028 ruší
STN EN 62282-3-200 (36 4512) z augusta 2016

142110

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky, 2026
Slovenská technická norma a technická normalizačná informácia je chránená zákonom č. 60/2018 Z. z. o technickej normalizácii
v znení neskorších predpisov.

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN IEC 62282-3-200

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2025

ICS 27.070

Supersedes EN 62282-3-200:2016

English Version

**Fuel cell technologies - Part 3-200: Stationary fuel cell power systems - Performance test methods
(IEC 62282-3-200:2025)**

Technologies des piles à combustible - Partie 3-200:
Systèmes à piles à combustible stationnaires - Méthodes
d'essai des performances
(IEC 62282-3-200:2025)

Brennstoffzellentechnologien - Teil 3-200: Stationäre
Brennstoffzellen-Energiesysteme -
Leistungskennwertepfverfahren
(IEC 62282-3-200:2025)

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EN IEC 62282-3-200:2025 (E)**European foreword**

The text of document 105/1124/FDIS, future edition 3 of IEC 62282-3-200, prepared by TC 105 "Fuel cell technologies" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 62282-3-200:2025.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2026-11-30
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In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated:

ISO 9000 NOTE Approved as EN ISO 9000

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cencenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60051	series	Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories	EN 60051	series
IEC 60359	-	Electrical and electronic measurement equipment - Expression of performance	EN 60359	-
IEC 60688	-	Electrical measuring transducers for converting AC and DC electrical quantities to analogue or digital signals	EN IEC 60688	-
IEC 61000-4-7	-	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-7: Testing and measurement techniques - General guide on harmonics and interharmonics measurements and instrumentation, for power supply systems and equipment connected thereto	EN 61000-4-7	-
IEC 61028	-	Electrical measuring instruments - X-Y recorders	EN 61028	-
IEC 61143	series	Electrical measuring instruments - X-t recorders	EN 61143	series
IEC 61672-1	-	Electroacoustics - Sound level meters - Part 1: Specifications	EN 61672-1	-
IEC 61672-2	-	Electroacoustics - Sound level meters - Part 2: Pattern evaluation tests	EN 61672-2	-
IEC 62052-11	-	Electricity metering equipment - General requirements, tests and test conditions - Part 11: Metering equipment	EN IEC 62052-11	-
IEC 62053-22	-	Electricity metering equipment - Particular requirements - Part 22: Static meters for AC active energy (classes 0,1S, 0,2S and 0,5S)	EN IEC 62053-22	-

EN IEC 62282-3-200:2025 (E)

IEC 62282-3-201	-	Fuel cell technologies - Part 3-201: Stationary fuel cell power systems - Performance test methods for small fuel cell power systems	EN IEC 62282-3-201	-
ISO 3648	-	Aviation fuels - Estimation of net specific energy	-	-
ISO 3744	-	Acoustics - Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure - Engineering methods for an essentially free field over a reflecting plane	EN ISO 3744	-
ISO 4677-1	-	Atmospheres for conditioning and testing; Determination of relative humidity; Part 1 : Aspirated psychrometer method	-	-
ISO 4677-2	-	Atmospheres for conditioning and testing; Determination of relative humidity; Part 2 : Whirling psychrometer method	-	-
ISO 5167	series	Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full	EN ISO 5167	series
ISO 5348	-	Mechanical vibration and shock - Mechanical mounting of accelerometers	-	-
ISO 5815-2	-	Water quality - Determination of biochemical oxygen demand after n days (BOD _n) – Part 2: Method for undiluted samples	-	-
ISO 6060	-	Water quality; determination of the chemical oxygen demand	-	-
ISO 6974	series	Natural gas - Determination of composition and associated uncertainty by gas chromatography	EN ISO 6974	series
ISO 6975	-	Natural gas - Extended analysis - Gas-chromatographic method	EN ISO 6975	-
ISO 7934	-	Stationary source emissions; determination of the mass concentration of sulfur dioxide; hydrogen peroxide/barium perchlorate/thorin method	-	-
ISO 7935	-	Stationary source emissions - Determination of the mass concentration of sulfur dioxide in flue gases - Performance characteristics of automated measuring systems	-	-
ISO 8217	2024	Products from petroleum, synthetic and renewable sources - Fuels (class F) - Specifications of marine fuels	-	-
ISO 10101	series	Natural gas - Determination of water by the Karl Fisher method	EN ISO 10101	series
ISO 10396	-	Stationary source emissions - Sampling for the automated determination of gas emission concentrations for permanently-installed monitoring systems	-	-
ISO 10523	-	Water quality -- Determination of pH	EN ISO 10523	-

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ISO 11626	-	Natural gas - Determination of sulfur compounds - Determination of hydrogen sulfide content by UV absorption method		
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ISO 11541	-	Natural gas - Determination of water content at high pressure	EN ISO 11541	-
ISO 11564	-	Stationary source emissions - Determination of the mass concentration of nitrogen oxides - Naphthylethylenediamine photometric method	-	-
ISO 11632	-	Stationary source emissions - Determination of mass concentration of sulfur dioxide - Ion chromatography method	-	-
ISO 14687	-	Hydrogen fuel quality - Product specification	-	-
ISO/TR 15916	-	Basic considerations for the safety of hydrogen systems	-	-
ISO 16622	-	Meteorology - Sonic anemometers/thermometers - Acceptance test methods for mean wind measurements	-	-
ISO 16960	-	Natural gas - Determination of sulfur compounds - Determination of total sulfur by oxidative microcoulometry method	EN ISO 16960	-
ISO 19739	-	Natural gas - Determination of sulfur compounds using gas chromatography	EN ISO 19739	-
ISO 20729	-	Natural gas - Determination of sulfur compounds - Determination of total sulfur content by ultraviolet fluorescence method		
ASTM D4809	-	Standard Test Method for Heat of Combustion of Liquid Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter (Precision Method)	-	-



IEC 62282-3-200

Edition 3.0 2025-09

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Fuel cell technologies -
Part 3-200: Stationary fuel cell power systems - Performance test methods**



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CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
INTRODUCTION	6
1 Scope	7
2 Normative references	8
3 Terms, definitions and symbols	10
3.1 Terms and definitions	10
3.2 Symbols	16
4 Reference conditions	19
4.1 General	19
4.2 Temperature and pressure	19
4.3 Heating value base	19
5 Items of performance test	19
6 Operating process	20
7 Test preparation	22
7.1 General	22
7.2 Uncertainty analysis	22
7.2.1 Uncertainty analysis items	22
7.2.2 Data acquisition plan	22
8 Measurement instruments and measurement methods	22
8.1 General	22
8.2 Measurement instruments	23
8.3 Measurement methods	23
8.3.1 General	23
8.3.2 Electric power measurements	23
8.3.3 Fuel input measurement	24
8.3.4 Recovered heat measurement	27
8.3.5 Purge gas flow measurement	27
8.3.6 Oxidant (air) input measurement	28
8.3.7 Other fluid flow measurement	29
8.3.8 Exhaust gas flow measurement	29
8.3.9 Discharge water measurement	30
8.3.10 Noise level measurement	30
8.3.11 Vibration level measurement	31
8.3.12 Total harmonic distortion measurement	31
8.3.13 Ambient condition measurement	31
9 Test plan	32
9.1 General	32
9.2 Ambient conditions	32
9.3 Maximum permissible variation in steady state operating conditions	33
9.4 Test operating procedure	34
9.5 Duration of test and frequency of readings	34
10 Test methods and computation of test results	34
10.1 General	34
10.2 Efficiency test	34
10.2.1 General	34
10.2.2 Test method	34

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10.2.3	Computation of inputs	35
10.2.4	Computation of output	46
10.2.5	Computation of waste heat rate	48
10.2.6	Computation of efficiencies	48
10.3	Electric power and thermal power response characteristics test	49
10.3.1	General	49
10.3.2	Criteria for the determination of attaining the steady state set value	50
10.3.3	Electric power output response time test	51
10.3.4	90 % power response time towards rated net electric power output (optional)	52
10.3.5	Thermal power output response time test	53
10.4	Start-up and shutdown characteristics test	54
10.4.1	General	54
10.4.2	Test method for start-up characteristics test	54
10.4.3	Test method for shutdown characteristics test	55
10.4.4	Calculation of the start-up time	55
10.4.5	Calculation of the shutdown time	56
10.4.6	Calculation of the different forms of start-up energy	56
10.4.7	Calculation of the start-up energy	57
10.5	Purge gas consumption test	58
10.5.1	General	58
10.5.2	Test method	58
10.6	Water consumption test (optional)	58
10.6.1	General	58
10.6.2	Test method	58
10.7	Exhaust gas emission test	59
10.7.1	General	59
10.7.2	Test method	59
10.7.3	Data processing of emission concentration	59
10.7.4	Calculation of mean mass discharge rate	60
10.7.5	Calculation of mass concentration	60
10.8	Noise level test	60
10.8.1	General	60
10.8.2	Test method	60
10.8.3	Data processing	61
10.9	Vibration level test	61
10.10	Discharge water quality test	62
10.10.1	General	62
10.10.2	Test method	62
11	Test reports	62
11.1	General	62
11.2	Title page	63
11.3	Table of contents	63
11.4	Summary report	63
11.5	Detailed report	63
11.6	Full report	64
Annex A (informative)	Uncertainty analysis	65
A.1	General	65
A.2	Preparations	65

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A.3	Basic assumptions	66
A.4	General approach	67
Annex B (informative)	Calculation of fuel heating value.....	69
Annex C (normative)	Reference gas	74
Annex D (informative)	Maximum acceptable instantaneous electric power output transient	77
Bibliography	78
Figure 1	– Fuel cell power system diagram	8
Figure 2	– Symbol diagram for power inputs and outputs	19
Figure 3	– Operating process chart of fuel cell power system.....	21
Figure 4	– Electric and thermal power response time	50
Figure 5	– Criteria for attaining steady state	51
Figure 6	– Example of electric power chart at start-up.....	54
Figure 7	– Electric power chart at shutdown.....	55
Table 1	– Symbols	16
Table 2	– Test classification and test item	20
Table 3	– Test item and system status	32
Table 4	– Maximum permissible variations in test operating conditions	33
Table 5	– Vibration correction factors.....	62
Table B.1	– Heating value for component of gaseous fuel.....	69
Table B.2	– Worksheet 1 – Calculation worksheet for energy of fuel gases	71
Table B.3	– Worksheet 2 – Calculation worksheet for energy of air	73
Table C.1	– Examples of compositions of natural gas	75
Table C.2	– Examples of compositions of liquified petroleum gas (LPG)	76

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**Fuel cell technologies -
Part 3-200: Stationary fuel cell power systems -
Performance test methods****FOREWORD**

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IEC 62282-3-200 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 105: Fuel cell technologies. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2015. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) revision of the Introduction, Scope and Clause 3;
- b) revision of the symbols in Table 1;
- c) revision of Figure 2 (symbol diagram);
- d) revision of measurement methods (8.3);
- e) revision of the efficiency test (10.2);

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- f) revision of the electric power and thermal power response characteristics test (10.3);
- g) revision of the start-up and shutdown characteristics test (10.4);
- h) revision of Annex C.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
105/1124/FDIS	105/1134/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62282 series, published under the general title *Fuel cell technologies*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

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INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 62282 describes how to measure the performance of stationary fuel cell power systems for residential, commercial, agricultural and industrial applications.

This document describes type tests and their test methods only. In this document, no routine tests are required or identified, and no performance targets are set.

A related but independent standard IEC 62282-3-201 on the performance test methods of small stationary fuel cell power systems has been aligned with this document.

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62282 covers operational and environmental aspects of the stationary fuel cell power systems performance. The test methods apply as follows:

- power output under specified operating and transient conditions;
- electrical and heat recovery efficiency under specified operating conditions;
- environmental characteristics, for example, exhaust gas emissions, noise, under specified operating and transient conditions.

This document applies to all kinds of stationary fuel cell technologies, such as:

- alkaline fuel cells (AFC);
- phosphoric acid fuel cells (PAFC);
- polymer electrolyte fuel cells (PEFC);
- molten carbonate fuel cells (MCFC);
- solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC).

This document does not provide coverage for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).

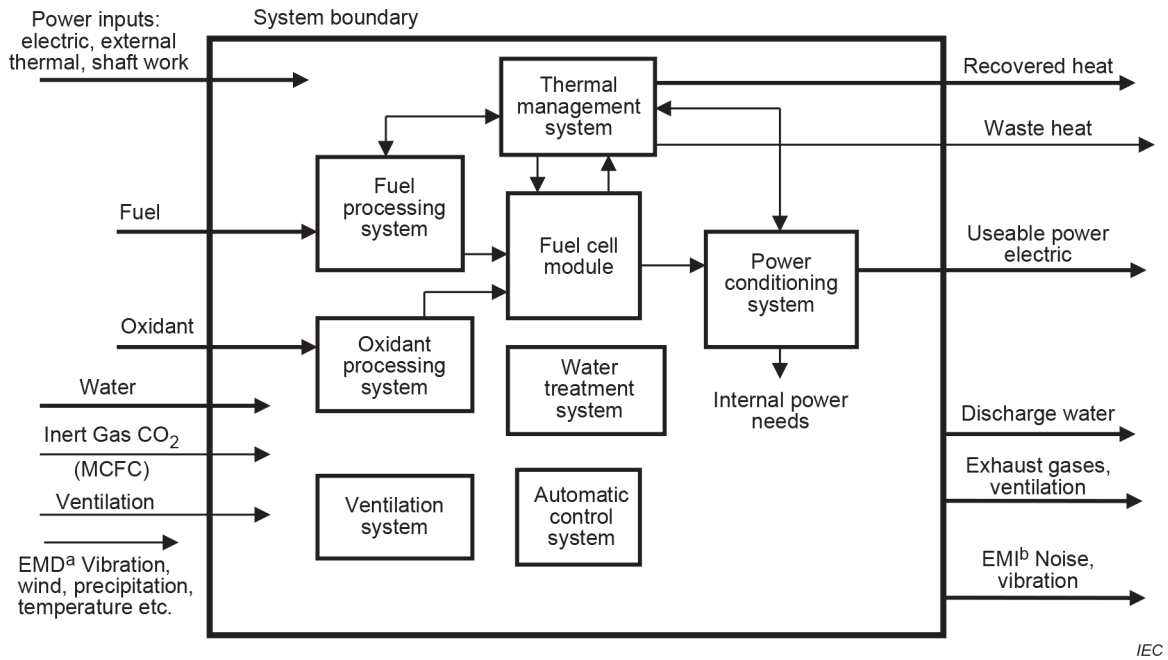
This document does not apply to small stationary fuel cell power systems with rated electric power output of less than 10 kW which are dealt with in IEC 62282-3-201.

Fuel cell power systems can have different subsystems depending upon types of fuel cell and applications, and they have different streams of material and energy into and out of them. However, a common system diagram and boundary has been defined for evaluation of the fuel cell power system (see Figure 1).

The following conditions are considered in order to determine the system boundary of the fuel cell power system:

- all energy recovery systems are included within the system boundary;
- all kinds of electric energy storage devices are considered outside the system boundary;
- calculation of the heating value of the input fuel (such as natural gas, propane gas and pure hydrogen gas) is based on the conditions of the fuel at the boundary of the fuel cell power system.

The document does not provide safety requirements for the testing of stationary fuel cell power systems. Details on safe operation of the tested system can be obtained from the manufacturers instructions.



Key



Fuel cell power system including subsystems. The interface is defined as a conceptual or functional one instead of hardware such as a power package.



Subsystems: fuel cell module, fuel processor, etc. These subsystem configurations depend on the kind of fuel, type of fuel cell or system.



The interface points in the boundary to be measured for calculation data.

^a EMD electromagnetic disturbance

^b EMI electromagnetic interference

Figure 1 – Fuel cell power system diagram

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60051 (all parts), *Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories*

IEC 60359, *Electrical and electronic measurement equipment - Expression of performance*

IEC 60688, *Electrical measuring transducers for converting AC and DC electrical quantities to analogue or digital signals*

IEC 61000-4-7, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-7: Testing and measurement techniques - General guide on harmonics and interharmonics measurements and instrumentation, for power supply systems and equipment connected thereto*

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IEC 62282-3-201, *Fuel cell technologies - Part 3-201: Stationary fuel cell power systems - Performance test methods for small fuel cell power systems*

ISO 3648, *Aviation fuels - Estimation of net specific energy*

ISO 3744, *Acoustics - Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure - Engineering methods for an essentially free field over a reflecting plane*

ISO 4677-1, *Atmospheres for conditioning and testing - Determination of relative humidity – Part 1: Aspirated psychrometer method*

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ISO 6060, *Water quality - Determination of the chemical oxygen demand*

ISO 6974 (all parts), *Natural gas - Determination of composition and associated uncertainty by gas chromatography*

ISO 6975, *Natural gas - Extended analysis - Gas chromatographic method*

ISO 7934, *Stationary source emissions - Determination of the mass concentration of sulfur dioxide - Hydrogen peroxide/barium perchlorate/Thorin method*

ISO 7935, *Stationary source emissions - Determination of the mass concentration of sulfur dioxide in flue gases - Performance characteristics of automated measuring systems*

ISO 8217:2024, *Products from petroleum, synthetic and renewable sources - Fuels (class F) - Specifications of marine fuels*

ISO 10101 (all parts), *Natural gas - Determination of water by the Karl Fisher method*

¹ This publication was withdrawn.

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ISO 10396, *Stationary source emissions - Sampling for the automated determination of gas emission concentrations for permanently-installed monitoring systems*

ISO 10523, *Water quality - Determination of pH*

ISO 11626, *Natural gas - Determination of sulfur compounds - Determination of hydrogen sulfide content by UV absorption method*

ISO 10849, *Stationary source emissions - Determination of the mass concentration of nitrogen oxides in flue gas - Performance characteristics of automated measuring systems*

ISO 11042-1, *Gas turbines - Exhaust gas emission - Part 1: Measurement and evaluation*

ISO 11042-2, *Gas turbines - Exhaust gas emission - Part 2: Automated emission monitoring*

ISO 11541, *Natural gas - Determination of water content at high pressure*

ISO 11564, *Stationary source emissions - Determination of the mass concentration of nitrogen oxides - Naphthylethylenediamine photometric method*

ISO 11632, *Stationary source emissions - Determination of mass concentration of sulfur dioxide - Ion chromatography method*

ISO 14687, *Hydrogen fuel - Product specification*

ISO/TR 15916, *Basic considerations for the safety of hydrogen systems*

ISO 16622, *Meteorology - Sonic anemometers/thermometers - Acceptance test methods for mean wind measurements*

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ISO 19739, *Natural gas - Determination of sulfur compounds using gas chromatography*

ISO 20729, *Natural gas - Determination of sulfur compounds - Determination of total sulfur content by ultraviolet fluorescence method*

ASTM D4809, *Standard Test Method for Heat of Combustion of Liquid Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter (Precision Method)*

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN