

STN	Zdravotnícka informatika Komunikácia prístroja Časť 10421: Komunikácia s osobným zdravotným prístrojom Špecializácia prístroja Monitor maximálneho výdychu (maximálny prietok) (ISO/IEEE 11073-10421: 2024)	STN EN ISO/IEEE 11073-10421 84 8107
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Health informatics - Device interoperability - Part 10421: Personal health device communication - Device specialization - Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow) (ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2024)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 03/26

Obsahuje: EN ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2026, ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2024

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší
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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO/IEEE 11073-
10421**

January 2026

ICS 35.240.80

Supersedes EN ISO 11073-10421:2012

English Version

**Health informatics - Device interoperability - Part 10421:
Personal health device communication - Device
specialization - Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow)
(ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2024)**

Informatique de santé - Interopérabilité des dispositifs
- Partie 10421: Communication entre dispositifs de
santé personnels - Spécialisation des dispositifs -
Moniteur de surveillance du débit expiratoire de pointe
(débit de pointe) (ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2024)

Medizinische Informatik - Interoperabilität von
Geräten - Teil 10421: Kommunikation von Geräten für
die persönliche Gesundheit - Gerätespezifikation -
Monitor für den maximalen expiratorischen Atemfluss
(peak flow) (ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2024)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 3 September 2024.

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2026) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215 "Health informatics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 251 "Health informatics" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

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International Standard

**ISO/IEEE
11073-10421**

Health informatics — Device interoperability —

Part 10421: Personal health device communication — Device specialization — Peak expiratory flow monitor (peak flow)

*Informatique de santé — Interopérabilité des dispositifs — Partie
10421: Communication entre dispositifs de santé personnels —
Spécialisation des dispositifs — Moniteur de surveillance du
débit expiratoire de pointe (débit de pointe)*

**Second edition
2024-08**

ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2024(en)



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ISO/IEEE 11073-10421 was prepared by the IEEE 11073 Standards Committee of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society (as IEEE Std 11073-10421) and drafted in accordance with its editorial rules. It was adopted, under the "fast-track procedure" defined in the Partner Standards Development Organization cooperation agreement between ISO and IEEE, by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215, *Health informatics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2012), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- added support for Base-Offset-Time;
- defined new standard configuration 0x0835;
- updated normative references, to refer to ISO/IEEE 11703-20601;
- updated version of this device specialization;

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- updated the association details based on the new version;
- updated the wording in 6.3 regarding the Observational;
- updated the examples in 8.4.2 and Annex E to indicate the support of BaseOffsetTime;
- updated the qualifier in MDS and other objects to recommend BaseOffsetTime; also updated the description of the qualifiers in 6.5;
- added some text to 6.12 to further elaborate the DIM extensibility rule;
- corrected the use condition of GET MDS at E.4.1;
- updated the text in 8.5.2 regarding attribute-id-list, in order to be compliant with 20601-V4;
- added subclause 3.4 – Compliance with other standards;
- removed the year in the bibliography to represent the latest version;
- extended Table 1 to specify qualifier details for all possible configurations;
- made the IEEE std 11073-10101 as normative reference;
- updated the wording at 1.3 and 4.1 regarding the precedence of nomenclature between 10101, 20601, 104xx, and this standard;
- updated the usage of nomenclature-version. Tied it with the corresponding protocol-version.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEEE 11073 series can be found on the ISO website.

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IEEE Std 11073-10421™-2023
(Revision of IEEE Std 11073-10421-2010)

Health Informatics—Device Interoperability

Part 10421: Personal Health Device Communication—Device Specialization—Peak Expiratory Flow Monitor (Peak Flow)

Developed by the

IEEE 11073™ Standards Committee
of the
IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society

Approved 30 March 2023

IEEE SA Standards Board

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Abstract: Within the context of the ISO/IEEE 11073 family of standards for device communication, a normative definition of communication is established in this standard between personal telehealth peak expiratory flow monitor devices and compute engines (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, and set-top boxes) in a manner that enables plug-and-play interoperability. Appropriate portions of existing standards are leveraged, including ISO/IEEE 11073 terminology, information models, application profile standards, and transport standards. The use of specific term codes, formats, and behaviors is specified in telehealth environments restricting optionality in base frameworks in favor of interoperability. A common core of communication functionality is defined for personal telehealth peak expiratory flow monitor devices.

Keywords: forced expiratory volume, IEEE 11073-10421™, medical device communication, peak expiratory flow, peak expiratory flow monitor, peak flow, personal health devices

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ISO/IEEE 11073-10421:2024(en)

IEEE Std 11073-10421-2023
Health Informatics—Device Interoperability—Part 10421: Personal Health Device Communication
Device Specialization—Peak Expiratory Flow Monitor (Peak Flow)

Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 11073-10421™-2023, Health Informatics—Device Interoperability—Part 10421: Personal Health Device Communication—Device Specialization—Peak Expiratory Flow Monitor (Peak Flow).

The object classes and attributes in this standard are identified by nomenclature codes. Each code consists of a reference identifier (RefID) string and an integer code value. By using a consistent nomenclature, interoperability is enhanced as all implementations maintain the same semantic meaning for the numeric codes. This standard leverages the existing nomenclature codes in IEEE Std 11073-10101™. Between this standard, IEEE Std 11073-10101, ISO/IEEE 11073-20601, and other IEEE Std 11073-104zz, all required nomenclature codes for implementation are documented. New codes may be defined in newer versions/revisions of each of these documents. In the case of a conflict, where one term code has been assigned to two separate semantic concepts with different RefIDs, in general, the oldest definition in actual use should take precedence. The same policy applies when one RefID has two different code values assigned in different specifications. The resolution of such conflicts will be determined through joint action by the responsible working groups and other stakeholders, and any corrective action will be published as corrigenda.

NOTE—In this standard, IEEE 11073-104zz is used to refer to the collection of device specialization standards that utilize ISO/IEEE 11073-20601, where zz can be any number from 01 to 99, inclusive.⁶

⁶ Notes in text, tables, and figures are given for information only and do not contain requirements needed to implement the standard.

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1.3 Word usage

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ISO/IEEE 11073-20601, Health informatics—Device interoperability—Part 20601: Personal health device communication—Application profile—Optimized exchange protocol.

See Annex A for all informative material referenced by this standard.

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Health Informatics—Device Interoperability**Part 10421: Personal Health Device
Communication—Device
Specialization—Peak Expiratory Flow
Monitor (Peak Flow)****1. Overview****1.1 Scope**

The scope of this standard is to establish a normative definition of communication between personal telehealth peak flow monitoring devices (agents) and managers (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, and set top boxes) in a manner that enables plug-and-play interoperability. It leverages work done in other ISO/IEEE 11073 standards including existing terminology, information profiles, application profile standards. It specifies the use of specific term codes, formats, and behaviors in telehealth environments restricting optionality in base frameworks in favor of interoperability. This standard defines a common core of functionality of a peak-flow monitoring device. The use case is restricted to personal respiratory monitoring and therefore does not include hospital-based spirometry. Continuous and high-acuity monitoring (e.g., for emergency response) are outside the scope of the use case. In the context of personal health devices, a peak flow meter is a device used to measure the respiratory function of those managing respiratory conditions such as asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. The ability to identify declining respiratory status prior to the need for acute intervention improves the quality of life for the individual while reducing the overall costs of care. Respiratory status data are collected by a personal respiratory monitoring device and forwarded to a central data repository for review and action by a health care provider. The data are episodic in nature and are forwarded at designated intervals or when the person is symptomatic.

1.2 Purpose

This standard addresses a need for an openly defined, independent standard for controlling information exchange to and from personal health devices and managers (e.g., cell phones, personal computers, personal health appliances, and set top boxes). Interoperability is key to growing the potential market for these devices and enabling people to be better informed participants in the management of their health.

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2. Normative references

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ISO/IEEE 11073-10101, Health informatics—Device interoperability—Part 10101: Point-of-care medical device communication—Nomenclature.^{9,10}

ISO/IEEE 11073-20601, Health informatics—Device interoperability—Part 20601: Personal health device communication—Application profile—Optimized exchange protocol.

See Annex A for all informative material referenced by this standard.

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⁷ The use of the word *must* is deprecated and cannot be used when stating mandatory requirements; *must* is used only to describe unavoidable situations.

⁸ The use of *will* is deprecated and cannot be used when stating mandatory requirements; *will* is only used in statements of fact.

⁹ The IEEE standards or products referred to in this clause are trademarks of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.

¹⁰ ISO/IEC publications are available from the International Organization for Standardization (<https://www.iso.org/>) and the American National Standards Institute (<https://www.ansi.org/>).

¹¹ *IEEE Standards Dictionary Online* is available at: <http://dictionary.ieee.org>. An IEEE Account is required for access to the dictionary, and one can be created at no charge on the dictionary sign-in page.