

<b>STN</b>	<b>Skúšky reakcie na oheň Zapáliteľnosť výrobkov vystavených priamemu pôsobeniu plameňa Časť 2: Skúška jednoplameňovým zdrojom (ISO 11925-2: 2026)</b>	<b>STN EN ISO 11925-2</b>  92 0834
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Reaction to fire tests - Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame - Part 2: Single-flame source test (ISO 11925-2:2026)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 04/26

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EN ISO 11925-2

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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Supersedes EN ISO 11925-2:2020

English Version

## Reaction to fire tests - Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame - Part 2: Single-flame source test (ISO 11925-2:2026)

Essais de réaction au feu - Allumabilité de produits soumis à l'incidence directe de la flamme - Partie 2: Essai à l'aide d'une source à flamme unique (ISO 11925-2:2026)

Prüfungen zum Brandverhalten - Entzündbarkeit von Produkten bei direkter Flammeneinwirkung - Teil 2: Einzelflammentest (ISO 11925-2:2026)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 January 2026.

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**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

**EN ISO 11925-2:2026 (E)**

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## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 11925-2:2026) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 92 "Fire safety" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 127 "Fire safety in buildings" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2026, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2026.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 11925-2:2020.

This document has been prepared under a standardization request addressed to CEN by the European Commission. The Standing Committee of the EFTA States subsequently approves these requests for its Member States.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

## **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 11925-2:2026 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11925-2:2026 without any modification.



# International Standard

**ISO 11925-2**

## Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame —

### Part 2: Single-flame source test

*Essais de réaction au feu — Allumabilité de produits soumis à  
l'incidence directe de la flamme —*

*Partie 2: Essai à l'aide d'une source à flamme unique*

**Fifth edition  
2026-01**

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**ISO 11925-2:2026(en)****Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 92, *Fire safety*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Fire initiation and growth*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 127, *Fire safety in buildings*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 11925-2:2020), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- note on the evaluation of the flame tip;
- revision of all figures.

A list of all parts in the ISO 11925 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

**ISO 11925-2:2026(en)****Introduction**

This fire test method has been developed to define reaction to fire performance of products. The method specifies a test for determining the ignitability of products by direct small-flame impingement under zero impressed irradiance using vertically oriented test specimens.

Although the method is designed to assess ignitability, this is addressed by measuring the spread of a small flame up the vertical surface of a specimen following application of a small flame to either the surface or edge of a specimen for either 15 s or 30 s. The determination of the production of flaming droplets/particles depends on whether the filter paper placed beneath the specimen ignites.

Details on the precision of the test method is given in [Annex A](#).

Details on testing not essentially flat end-use products is given in [Annex B](#).

Details on testing perforated end-use products is given in [Annex C](#).

# Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of products subjected to direct impingement of flame —

## Part 2: Single-flame source test

### 1 Scope

This document specifies a method of test for determining the ignitability of products by direct small flame impingement under zero impressed irradiance using vertically oriented test specimens.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 13943, *Fire safety — Vocabulary*

ISO 14697, *Reaction-to-fire tests — Guidance on the choice of substrates for building and transport products*

EN 13238, *Reaction to fire tests for building products — Conditioning procedures and general rules for selection of substrates*

**koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN**